

INTERNATIONAL **FORUM** FOR ENVIRONMENT, SUSTAINABILITY & TECHNOLOGY



Know your city and what you breathe



Air Pollution - What it Looks Like?





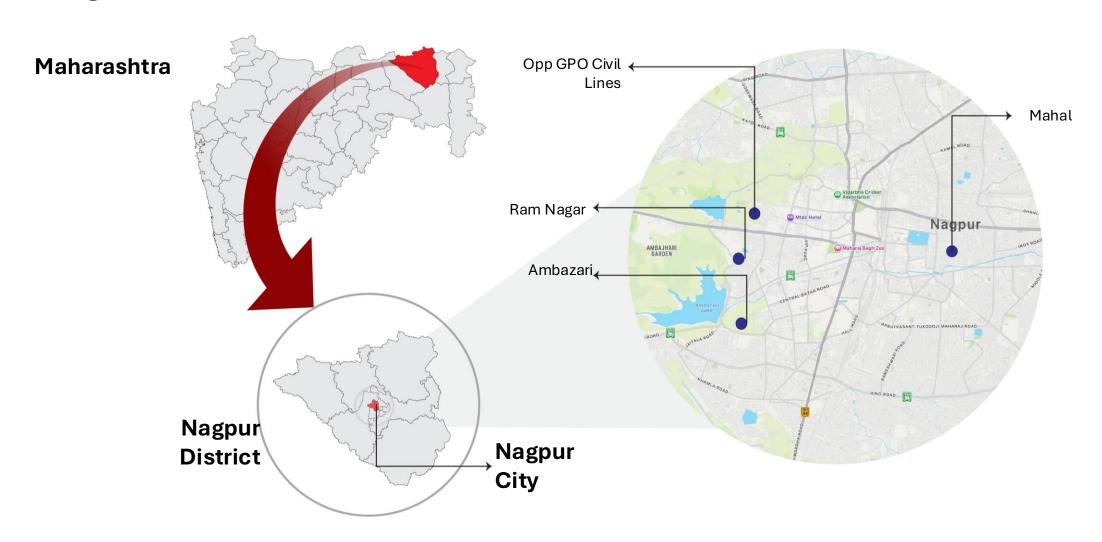




Source:

- 1) Nagpur Today, Times of India
- 2) https://www.aqi.in/in/dashboard/india/maharashtra/nagpur

Study Area



Study Area

City Demographics

218 KM²

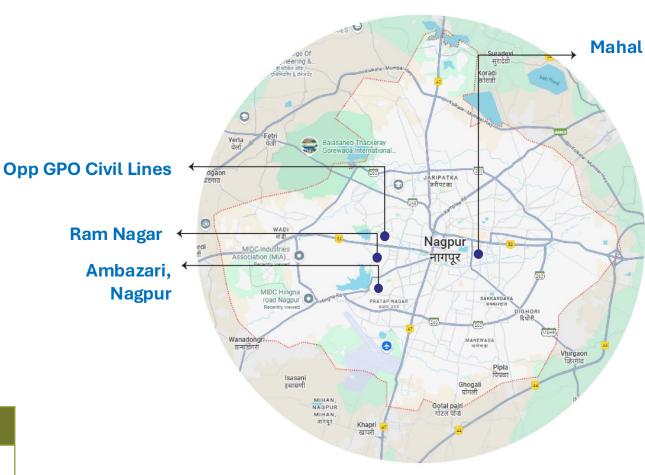
Total Area

35.17 Lakhs

Total Population

Required no of stations

	CAAQMS	Manual	Total
Available	4	7	11
Required	5	3	8



Approach - Data Cleaning

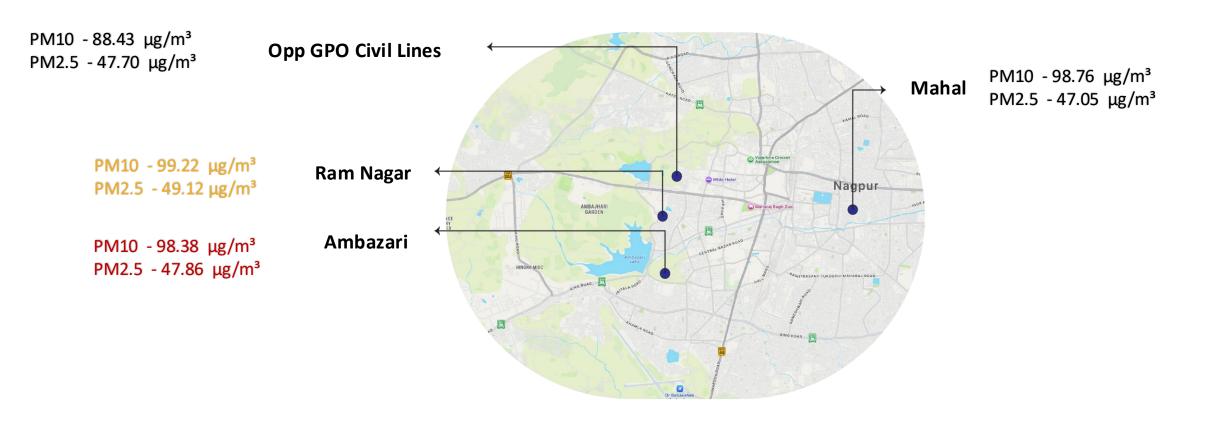
Collection of time series data (15-minute interval) of pollutants (PM2.5, PM10, SO₂, NO₂, Ozone) recorded at CAAQMS in Thane city from Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB)

Three years data (2023,2024 and 2025) aggerated to form big-data using Python

Data clearing - monthly & daily averages of all pollutants using Python (if less than **60% data** was recorded in a year, the particular year was excluded from the assessment)

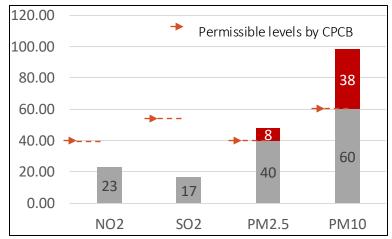
Data Analysis and Visualisation using Tableau, PowerBI and QGIS

Results – Annual Average 2024

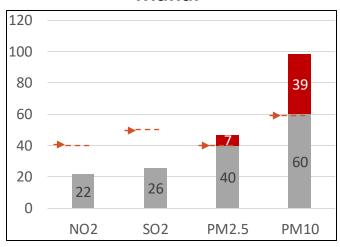


Annual Avg Concentration (2024)

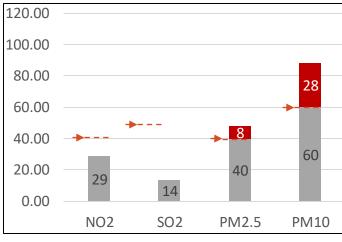
Ambazari

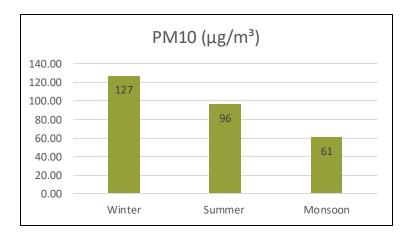


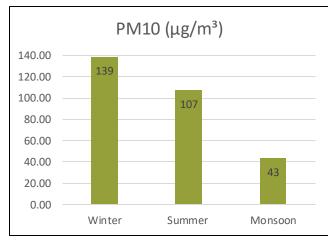
Mahal

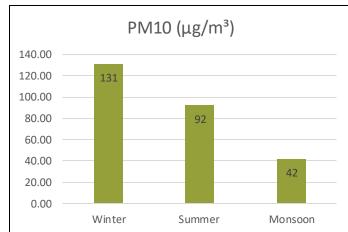


Opp GPO Civil Lines



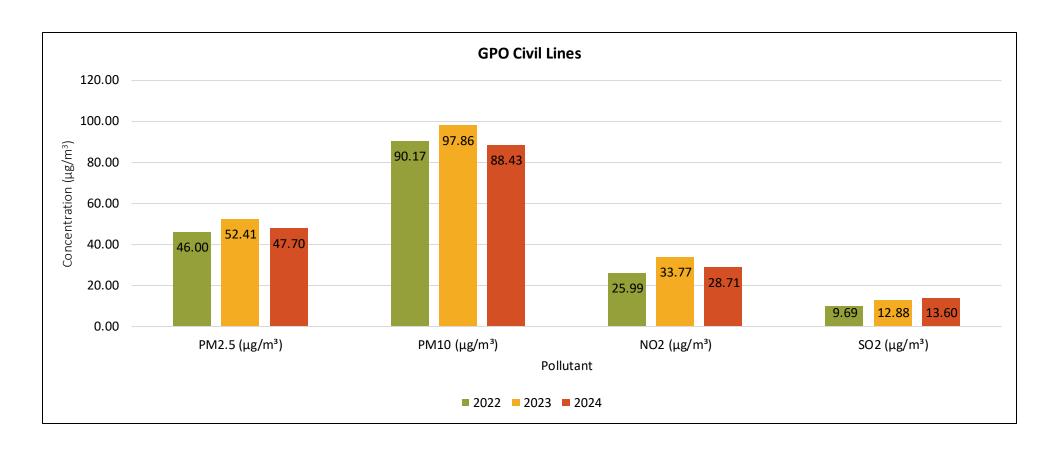






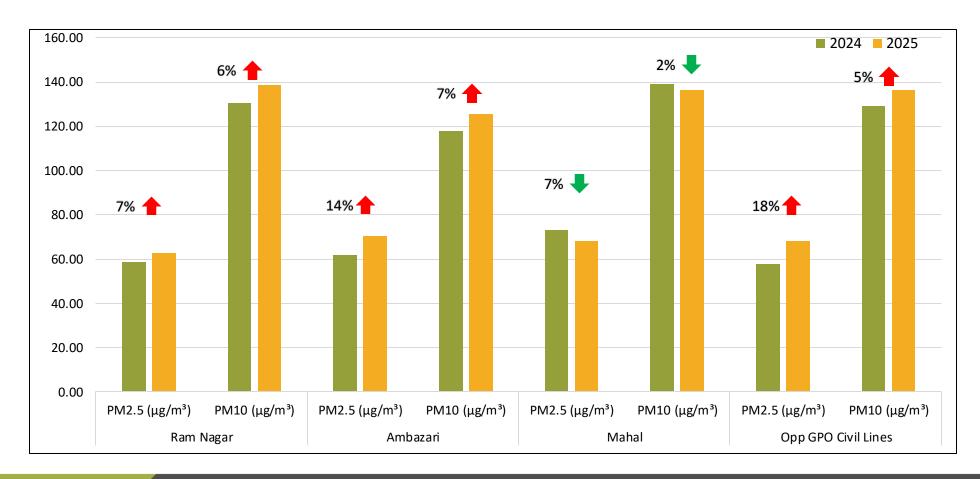
Annual Comparison – GPO Civil Lines

Average pollutant concentration 2022 vs 2023 vs 2024 (µg/m³)



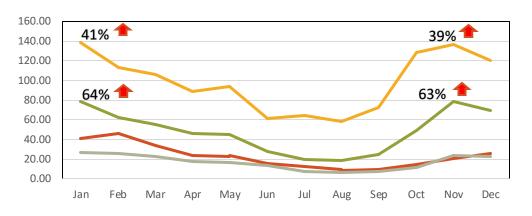
Winter Season Comparison (Jan - Feb)

Average Winter pollutant concentration 2024 vs 2025(µg/m³)

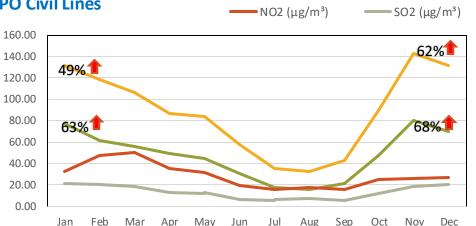


Monthly Average Trends – Station Wise

Ambazari



GPO Civil Lines



— PM2.5 (μ g/m³)

PM10

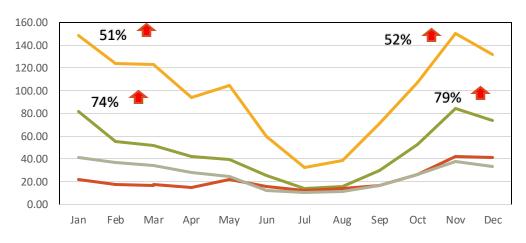
—— PM10 (μg/m³)

Jan - 41 to 51% Nov - 39 to 62%

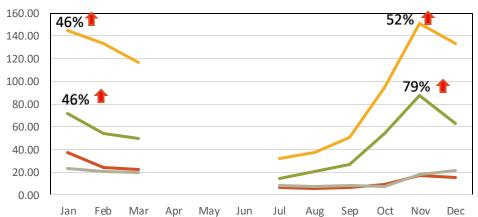
PM2.5

Jan – 46 to 74% Nov - 63 to 79%

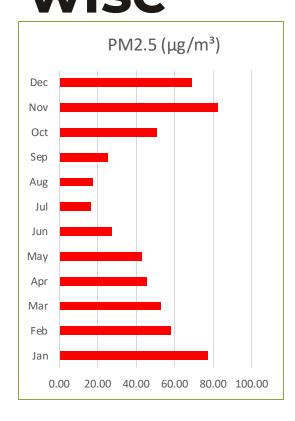
Mahal Nagar



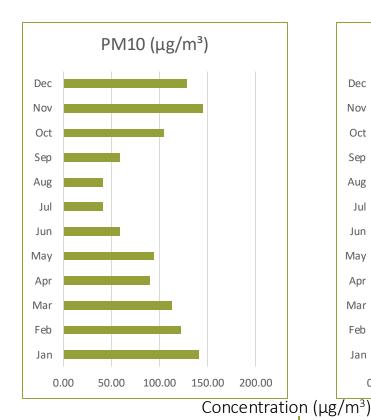
Ram Nagar



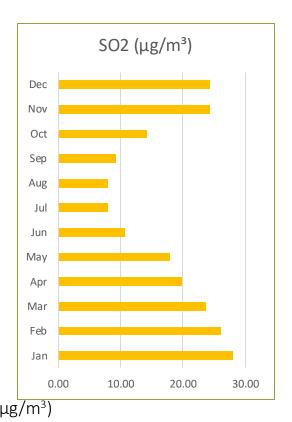
Monthly Trends (2024) – Pollutant wise



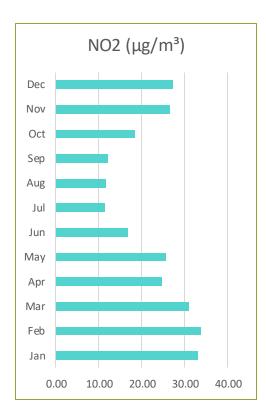
Winter months (November – February) experience highest PM10 and PM2.5 concentration



Average winter concentration was observed to be around 134 µg/m³ for PM10 and 72 µg/m³ for PM2.5

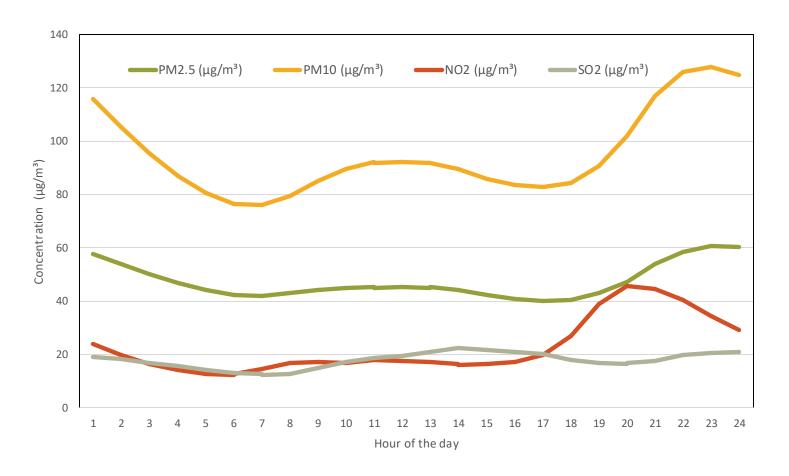


During the monsoon season, PM2.5 levels dropped by 56% compared to the annual average concentration



Winter season saw PM2.5 increased by 34 % compared to the annual average concentration

Hourly Trends



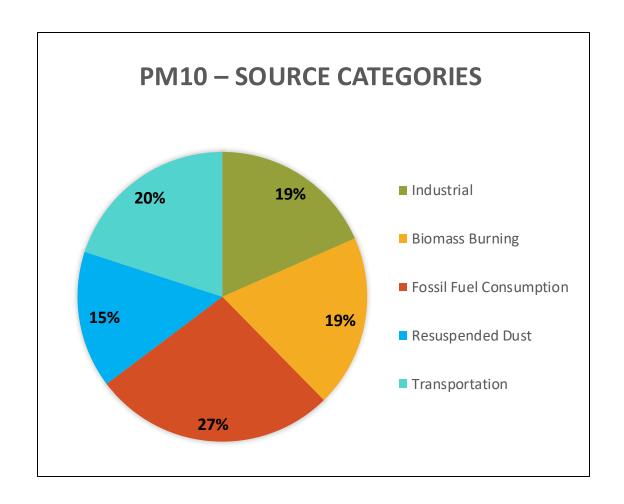
Data shows sharp peak in PM2.5 and PM10 concentrations in the late evening between **9 PM to 1AM**.

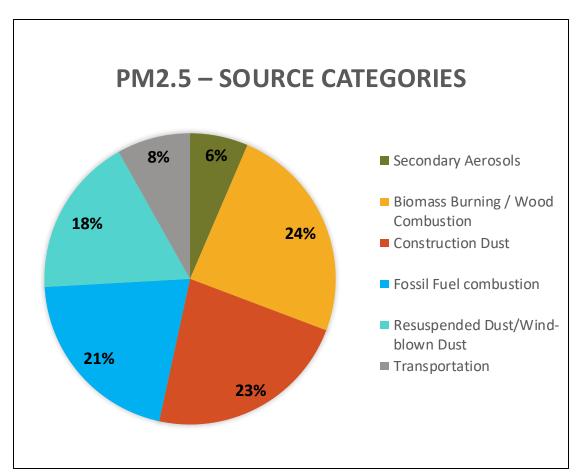
Morning peaks are not observed for both PM2.5 and PM10, however, slight increase around **10AM to 1PM** is observed

SO₂ levels stay low through most of the day.

NO₂ stays low for most of the day but rises noticeably **between 6 PM and 8 PM, indicating vehicular movement**

Particulate Matter - Source Categories



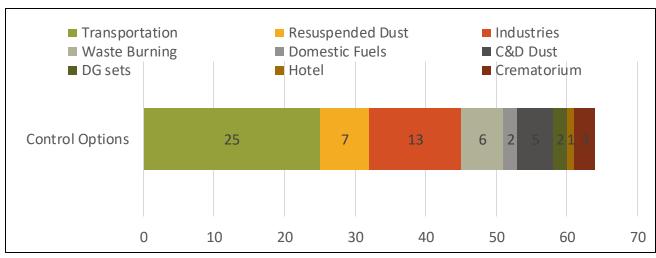


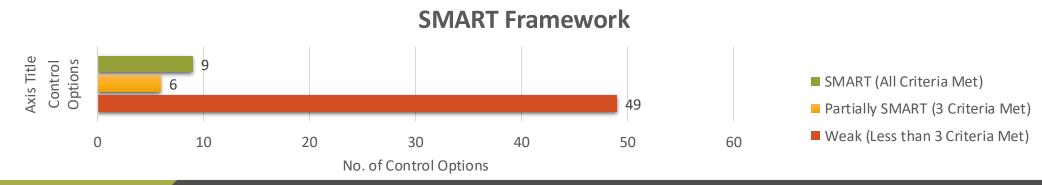
Source: IIT Bombay. (2022). Air quality monitoring, emission inventory and source apportionment studies for ten cities in the state of Maharashtra.

SMART Analysis – Nagpur CAAP



Action Points Mapped by Source Sector Across Nagpur





Key Highlights

- Monitoring station coverage: Focused on the western part of the city
- Data Availability: CAAQMS data is available only from 2023 onward; only GPO Civil Lines provides usable data starting from
 2022. Unavailability of data limits historical data annual comparison
- **Pollution Levels:** In 2024, average PM10 levels across stations ranged from 88 to 98 μg/m³, and PM2.5 levels hovered between 47 and 50 μg/m³, both exceeding the annual NAAQS limits
- Ambazari and Mahal stations showed the highest PM10 concentrations, each close to 98 μg/m³
- PM2.5 and PM10 peaks in the night, between 9 and 11 PM
- Winter concentrations indicate a mild rise in both PM10 and PM2.5
- Only 14% of control measures (9) follow the SMART framework and around 76% are weak in following SMART framework